WEST Search History

DATE: Tuesday, March 19, 2002

Set Name Query H		Hit Count S	et Name result set
-	SPT; PLUR=YES; OP=OR		
L20	L18 and 15	0	L20
L19	L18 and L6	0	L19
L18	combretastatin	56	L18
L17	L14 and L6	0	L17
L16	L15 and L6	0	L16
L15	L14 and 16	0	L15
L14	ca-4	50	L14
L13	l6 and "tumor vasculature"	4	L13
L12	16 and "vascular damaging agent?"	0	L12
L11	L6 and angiogensis	0	L11
L10	L6 and colchinol?	0	L10
L9	L6 and ca4p	0	L9
L8	L6 and 2-amino-4-methylpyridine	5	L8
L7	L6 and combretastatin?	0	L7
L6	L5 and inhibitor?	251	L6
L5	L4 and "no synthase"	312	L5
L4	nitric oxide synthase	461249	L4
L3	"(no or nitric oxide) synthase"	0	L3
L2	L1 and "(NO or nitric oxide) synthase?	" 0	L2
L1	(NO or nitric oxide)synthase?	2438719	L1

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

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Search Results - Record(s) 1 through 5 of 5 returned.

☐ 1. Document ID: US 6071906 A

L8: Entry 1 of 5

File: USPT

Jun 6, 2000

US-PAT-NO: 6071906

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6071906 A

TITLE: Imidino piperidine derivatives useful as nitric oxide synthase inhibitors

DATE-ISSUED: June 6, 2000

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:	OTTO I	STATE	ZIP CODE	COUNTRY
NAME	CITY	-	ZII CODE	
Hansen, Jr.; Donald W.	Skokie	IL		
Currie; Mark G.	St. Charles	MO		
Hallinan; E. Ann	Evanston	IL		
Fok; Kam F.	St. Louis	MO		
Hagen; Timothy J.	Manchester	MO		
Bergmanis; Arija A.	Des Plaines	IL		
Kramer; Steven W.	Des Plaines	IL		
Lee; Len F.	St. Charles	MO		
Metz; Suzanne	Chesterfield	MO		
Moore; William M.	St. Charles	MO		
Peterson; Karen B.	Vernon Hills	IL		
Pitzele; Barnett S.	Skokie	IL		
Spangler; Dale P.	Deerfield	IL		
Webber; R. Keith	St. Peters	MO		
Toth; Mihaly V.	St. Louis	MO		
Trivedi; Mahima	Glenview	IL		
Tjoeng; Foe S.	Manchester	MO		

US-CL-CURRENT: 514/227.2; 546/242, 546/244

Full Title Citation Front Review Classification	n Date Reference Sequences Attachments Clair	ns Killic Drawi Desc Image
☐ 2. Document ID: US 6046	211 A	4 2000
L8: Entry 2 of 5	File: USPT	Apr 4, 2000

US-PAT-NO: 6046211

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6046211 A

TITLE: Amidino derivatives useful as <u>nitric oxide synthase inhibitors</u>

DATE-ISSUED: April 4, 2000

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

COUNTRY ZIP CODE **STATE CITY** NAME ILSkokie Hansen, Jr.; Donald W. MO St. Charles Currie; Mark G. ILEvanston Hallinan; E. Ann MO St. Louis Fok; Kam F. MO Manchester Hagen; Timothy J. ILDes Plaines Bergmanis; Arija A. ILDes Plaines Kramer; Steven W. MO St. Charles Lee; Len F. MO Chesterfield Metz; Suzanne MO St. Charles Moore; William M. Vernon Hills ILPeterson; Karen B. ILSkokie Pitzele; Barnett S. ILDeerfield Spangler; Dale P. MO St. Peters Webber; R. Keith MO St. Louis Toth; Mihaly V. IL Glenview Trivedi; Mahima MO Manchester Tjoeng; Foe S.

US-CL-CURRENT: <u>514/310</u>; <u>514/217.11</u>, <u>514/224.2</u>, <u>514/230.5</u>, <u>514/258.1</u>, <u>514/309</u>, <u>514/312</u>, <u>514/313</u>, <u>544/253</u>, 544/47, 544/48, 544/50, 544/90, 544/91, 544/92, 546/113, 546/141, 546/143, 546/153, 546/159

Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference Sequences Attachments Claims KMIC Dra	ιμι Desc Image
Full little Channel room north	

☐ 3. Document ID: US 5972975 A

L8: Entry 3 of 5

File: USPT

Oct 26, 1999

US-PAT-NO: 5972975

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5972975 A

TITLE: Substituted 2-aminopyridines as inhibitors of nitric oxide synthase

DATE-ISSUED: October 26, 1999

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME	CITY	STATE NJ	ZIP CODE	COUNTRY
Esser; Craig	Rahway	_		
Hagmann; William	Rahway	NJ		
Hoffman; William	Rahway	NJ		
Shah; Shrenik	Rahway	NJ		
Wong; Kenny	Rahway	NJ		
Chabin; Renee	Rahway	NJ		
Guthikonda; Ravindra	Rahway	NJ		
Maccoss; Malcolm	Rahway	NJ		
Caldwell; Charles	Rahway	NJ		
Durette; Philippe	Rahway	NJ		

US-CL-CURRENT: <u>514/352</u>; <u>514/211.08</u>, <u>514/211.15</u>, <u>514/217.06</u>, <u>514/217.07</u>, <u>514/217.08</u>, <u>514/217.09</u>, <u>514/218</u>, $\underline{514/224.2}, \underline{514/226.5}, \underline{514/226.8}, \underline{514/228.2}, \underline{514/228.5}, \underline{514/230.5}, \underline{514/233.8}, \underline{514/234.2}, \underline{514/234.5}, \underline{514/234.5}, \underline{514/248}, \underline{514/249}$, <u>514/255.05</u>, <u>514/256</u>, <u>514/269</u>, <u>514/299</u>, <u>514/300</u>, <u>514/301</u>, <u>514/302</u>, <u>514/303</u>, <u>514/307</u>, <u>514/310</u>, <u>514/311</u>, <u>514/313</u>, 514/314, 514/334, 514/344, 514/346, 514/349, 540/544, 540/553, 540/575, 540/597, 544/105, 544/119, 544/127, <u>544/236, 544/238, 544/277, 544/279, 544/333, 544/350, 544/405, 544/48, 544/55, 544/61, 544/91, 544/96, 546/112, </u> <u>546/113, 546/114, 546/115, 546/118, 546/119, 546/122, 546/143, 546/159, 546/257, 546/289, 546/292, 546/297, </u> 546/304, 546/307, 546/308, 546/311

Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Refer	rence Sequences Attachments	KMMC Drawn Desc Image
☐ 4. Document ID: US 5908842 A		r 1 1000
L8: Entry 4 of 5	File: USPT	Jun 1, 1999

US-PAT-NO: 5908842

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5908842 A

TITLE: Substituted 2-acylamino-pyridines as inhibitors of nitric oxide synthase

DATE-ISSUED: June 1, 1999

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

COUNTRY ZIP CODE **CITY** STATE NAME NJ Rahway Guthikonda; Ravindra NJ Rahway Hagmann; William NJ Rahway Maccoss; Malcolm NJ Rahway Shah; Shrenik NJ Rahway Durette; Philippe

US-CL-CURRENT: 514/253.01; 514/231.5, 514/252.03, 514/253.04, 514/253.05, 514/253.06, 514/299, 514/300, <u>514/301, 514/310</u>, <u>514/313, 514/353, 544/105, 544/350, 544/360, 546/112, 546/113, 546/114, 546/143, 546/159, 546/159, 546/159, 546/160, </u> 546/306

Full Title Citation Front	Review Classification	Date Reference	Sequences Attachments	KNAC Draw	n Desc Image

☐ 5. Document ID: US 5854234 A

L8: Entry 5 of 5

File: USPT

Dec 29, 1998

US-PAT-NO: 5854234

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5854234 A

TITLE: Amidino dervatives useful as nitric oxide synthase inhibitors

DATE-ISSUED: December 29, 1998

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:		STATE	ZIP CODE	COUNTRY
NAME	CITY		ZII CODE	
Hansen, Jr.; Donald W.	Skokie	IL		
Currie; Mark G.	St. Charles	MO		
Hallinan; E. Ann	Evanston	IL		
Fok; Kam F.	St. Louis	МО		
Hagen; Timothy J.	Manchester	MO		
Bergmanis; Arija A.	Des Plains	IL		
Kramer; Steven W.	Des Plains	IL		
Lee; Len F.	St. Charles	MO		
Metz; Suzanne	Chesterfield	MO		
Moore; William M.	St. Charles	MO		
Peterson; Karen B.	Vernon Hills	IL		
Pitzele; Barnett S.	Skokie	IL		
Spangler; Dale P.	Deerfield	IL		
Webber; R. Keith	St. Peters	MO		
Toth; Mihaly V.	St. Louis	MO		
Trivedi; Mahima	Glenview	IL		
Tjoeng; Foe S.	Manchester	MO		

US-CL-CURRENT: <u>514/211.01</u>; <u>514/183</u>, <u>514/217.11</u>, <u>514/218</u>, <u>514/227.2</u>, <u>514/228.8</u>, <u>514/256</u>, <u>514/329</u>, <u>514/370</u>, <u>514/377</u>, <u>514/386</u>, <u>514/426</u>, <u>540/467</u>, <u>540/470</u>, <u>540/480</u>, <u>540/481</u>, <u>540/482</u>, <u>540/544</u>, <u>540/553</u>, <u>540/596</u>, <u>540/598</u>, <u>540/601</u>, <u>540/602</u>, <u>540/603</u>, <u>540/603</u>, <u>540/605</u>, <u>540/605</u>

Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference Sequences	Attachments KNMC Draw Desc Image
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Terms	Documents
L6 and 2-amino-4-methylpyridine	5

Display Format: CIT Change Format

<u>Previous Page</u> <u>Next Page</u>

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Search Results - Record(s) 1 through 4 of 4 returned.

☐ 1. Document ID: US 6020308 A

L13: Entry 1 of 4

File: USPT

Feb 1, 2000

US-PAT-NO: 6020308

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6020308 A

TITLE: Methods for improving therapeutic effectiveness of treatment of vascularization disorders

DATE-ISSUED: February 1, 2000

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME

CITY

STATE

ZIP CODE

COUNTRY

Dewhirst; Mark W.

Chapel Hill

NC

Meyer; Robert E.

Cary Beaufort NC NC

Bonaventura; Joseph DeAngelo; Joseph

Hamtramck

MI

US-CL-CURRENT: <u>514/6</u>; <u>514/12</u>, <u>514/561</u>, <u>514/565</u>, <u>514/832</u>, <u>514/833</u>, <u>514/929</u>, <u>514/930</u>, <u>530/385</u>

Full | Title | Citation | Front | Review | Classification | Date | Reference | Sequences | Attachments

KNMC Draw Desc Image

☐ 2. Document ID: US 5788958 A

L13: Entry 2 of 4

File: USPT

Aug 4, 1998

US-PAT-NO: 5788958

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5788958 A

TITLE: Methods for improving therapeutic effectiveness of agents for the treatment of solid tumors and other disorders

DATE-ISSUED: August 4, 1998

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME

CITY

STATE

ZIP CODE

COUNTRY

Dewhirst; Mark W.

Chapel Hill

NC

Meyer; Robert E.

Cary

NC

Bonaventura; Joseph DeAngelo; Joseph

Beaufort

NC

Hamtramck

MI

US-CL-CURRENT: <u>424/78.38</u>; <u>424/85.2</u>, <u>514/12</u>, <u>514/561</u>, <u>514/564</u>, <u>514/6</u>, <u>514/723</u>, <u>562/553</u>, <u>562/560</u>

KNMC Draw Desc Image Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference Sequences Attachments ☐ 3. Document ID: US 5612310 A Mar 18, 1997 File: USPT L13: Entry 3 of 4 US-PAT-NO: 5612310 DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5612310 A TITLE: Methods for improving therapeutic effectiveness of agents for the treatment of solid tumors and other disorders DATE-ISSUED: March 18, 1997 INVENTOR-INFORMATION: COUNTRY ZIP CODE **STATE CITY** NAME NC Chapel Hill Dewhirst; Mark W. NC Cary Meyer; Robert E. NC Beauford Bonaventura; Joseph MI Hamtramck DeAngelo; Joseph US-CL-CURRENT: 514/6; 514/832, 514/833 KMC Draw Desc Image Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference Sequences Attachments ☐ 4. Document ID: US 5554638 A Sep 10, 1996 File: USPT L13: Entry 4 of 4 US-PAT-NO: 5554638 DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5554638 A TITLE: Methods for improving therapeutic effectiveness of agents for the treatment of solid tumors and other disorders DATE-ISSUED: September 10, 1996 INVENTOR-INFORMATION: COUNTRY ZIP CODE STATE **CITY** NAME NC Chapel Hill Dewhirst; Mark W. NC Cary Meyer; Robert E. NC Beaufort Bonaventura; Joseph MI Hamtramck DeAngelo; Joseph US-CL-CURRENT: 514/398; 514/411, 514/456, 514/551, 514/560, 514/565 Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference Sequences Attachments KMMC Draw Desc Image

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Terms	Documents
16 and "tumor vasculature"	4

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PubMed	Nucleotide	Protein	Genome	Structure	PopSet	Taxonomy	OMIM	Books
C. W. S. C. C. C. C. S. W. C.	oMed ▼ for Lim		view/Index .	History	Clipbo	ard Detai	Go	Slear
•	Displa	y Abstrac	Ţ	Sort 🔻	Save T	ext Clip A	dd Ord	er

Entrez PubMed

□1: Br J Cancer 2000 Sep;83(6):811-6

Related Articles, Books, LinkOut



Determinants of anti-vascular action by combretastatin A-4 phosphate: role of nitric oxide.

PubMed Services Parkins CS, Holder AL, Hill SA, Chaplin DJ, Tozer GM.

Tumour Microcirculation Group, Gray Laboratory Cancer Research Trust, Mount Vernon Hospital, Northwood, Middlesex, HA6 2JR, UK.

Related Resources The anti-vascular action of the tubulin binding agent combretastatin A-4 phosphate (CA-4-P) has been quantified in two types of murine tumour, the breast adenocarcinoma CaNT and the round cell sarcoma SaS. The functional vascular volume, assessed using a fluorescent carbocyanine dye, was significantly reduced at 18 h after CA-4-P treatment in both tumour types, although the degree of reduction was very different in the two tumours. The SaS tumour, which has a higher nitric oxide synthase (NOS) activity than the CaNT tumour, showed approximately 10-fold greater resistance to vascular damage by CA-4-P. This is consistent with our previous findings, which showed that NO exerts a protective action against this drug. Simultaneous administration of CA-4-P with a NOS inhibitor, N(omega)-nitro-L-arginine (L-NNA), resulted in enhanced vascular damage and cytotoxicity in both tumour types. Administration of diethylamine NO, an NO donor, conferred protection against the vascular damaging effects. Following treatment with CA-4-P, neutrophil infiltration into the tumours, measured by myeloperoxidase (MPO) activity, was significantly increased. Levels of MPO activity also correlated with the levels of vascular injury and cytotoxicity measured in both tumour types. Neutrophilic MPO generates free radicals and may therefore contribute to the vascular damage associated with CA-4-P treatment. MPO activity was significantly increased in the presence of L-NNA, suggesting that the protective effect of NO against CA-4-P-induced vascular injury may be, at least partially, mediated by limiting neutrophil infiltration. The data are consistent with the hypothesis that neutrophil action contributes to vascular injury by CA-4-P and that NO generation acts to protect the tumour vasculature against CA4-P-induced injury. The protective effect of NO is probably associated with an anti-neutrophil action. Copyright

Search for 09/890,989

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E DAVIS PETER DAVID/IN 25
           DAVIS PETER/IN
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           DAVIS PETER BRIAN ANDREW/IN
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E2
       20 --> DAVIS PETER DAVID/IN
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         1
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             DAVIS RALPH/IN
         1
 E25
 => S (E3) AND (CA4P AND L-NNA)
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       1391 NNA
        5 NNAS
       1395 NNA
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       1016 L-NNA
          (L(W)NNA)
         0 ("DAVIS PETER DAVID"/IN) AND (CA4P AND L-NNA)
  L1
  => s L-nna and e3
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       1391 NNA
        5 NNAS
       1395 NNA
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(NNA OR NNAS) 1016 L-NNA (L(W)NNA)20 "DAVIS PETER DAVID"/IN 0 L-NNA AND "DAVIS PETER DAVID"/IN L2 s combretastatin? 244 COMBRETASTATIN? L2 => s 11 and 12 0 L1 AND L2 L3 => s 2-amino-4-methylpyridine 7263347 2 822026 AMINO 39 AMINOS 822044 AMINO (AMINO OR AMINOS) 4381553 4 8965 METHYLPYRIDINE 679 METHYLPYRIDINES 9246 METHYLPYRIDINE (METHYLPYRIDINE OR METHYLPYRIDINES) 313 2-AMINO-4-METHYLPYRIDINE L4 (2(W)AMINO(W)4(W)METHYLPYRIDINE) => s 12 and 141 L2 AND L4 L5 => dis 15L5 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS AN 2000:592549 CAPLUS DN 133:172166 TI Combinations for the treatment of diseases involving angiogenesis IN Davis, Peter David PA Angiogene Pharmaceuticals Ltd., UK SO PCT Int. Appl., 18 pp. SYSTEM:OS - DIALOG OneSearch File 399:CA SEARCH(R) 1967-2002/UD=13612 (c) 2002 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY *File 399: Use is subject to the terms of your user/customer agreement. RANK charge added; see HELP RATES 399.

File 94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2002/Feb W1

(c)2002 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST)

*File 94: There is no data missing. UDs have been adjusted to reflect

the current months data. See Help News94 for details.

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Set Items Description
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?s 2(w)amino(w)methylpyridine?
    1461781 2
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     5387 METHYLPYRIDINE?
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?s combretastatin(w)a4(w)phosphate? or ca4p
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     4170 A4
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       0 CA4P
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       8 S2
        0 S4 AND S2
   S5
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   S6
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       4 S4
        0 S6 AND (S1 OR S4)
   S7
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   S8
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      36258 METHOXY
      6464 PHENYLAMINE?
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?s (s6 or s8 or s2) and (s1 or s4)
       13 S6
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0 S8

8 S2

52 S1

4 S4

0 (S6 OR S8 OR S2) AND (S1 OR S4)

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:43:44 ON 19 MAR 2002

- 244 S COMBRETASTATIN? L1
- 29 S COLCHINOL? L2
- 9492 S NO SYNTHASE? L3
- 18104 S NITRIC OXIDE SYNTHASE? L4
- 3 S (L1 OR L2) AND (L3 OR L4) L5
- L5 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 2001:659027 CAPLUS

DN 136:295

- TI Mechanisms associated with tumor vascular shut-down induced by combretastatin A-4 phosphate: intravital microscopy and measurement of vascular permeability
- AU Tozer, Gillian M.; Prise, Vivien E.; Wilson, John; Cemazar, Maja; Shan, Siqing; Dewhirst, Mark W.; Barber, Paul R.; Vojnovic, Borivoj; Chaplin, David J.
- CS Gray Cancer Institute, Mount Vernon Hospital, Northwood, HA6 2JR, UK
- SO Cancer Research (2001), 61(17), 6413-6422 CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472
- PB American Association for Cancer Research

DT Journal

LA English

RE.CNT 42 THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS **RECORD**

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 2000:717223 CAPLUS

DN 134:216909

- TI Determinants of anti-vascular action by combretastatin A-4 phosphate: role of nitric oxide
- AU Parkins, C. S.; Holder, A. L.; Hill, S. A.; Chaplin, D. J.; Tozer, G. M.
- CS Tumour Microcirculation Group, Gray Laboratory Cancer Research Trust, Mount Vernon Hospital, Northwood, HA6 2JR, UK
- SO British Journal of Cancer (2000), 83(6), 811-816 CODEN: BJCAAI; ISSN: 0007-0920

PB Harcourt Publishers Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RE.CNT 33 **RECORD**

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1999:241795 CAPLUS

DN 131:39356

TI Combretastatin A-4 phosphate as a tumor vascular-targeting agent: early effects in tumors and normal tissues

AU Tozer, Gillian M.; Prise, Vivien E.; Wilson, John; Locke, Rosalind J.; Vojnovic, Borivoj; Stratford, Michael R. L.; Dennis, Madeleine F.; Chaplin, David J.

CS Tumor Microcirculation Group, Gray Laboratory Cancer Research Trust, Mount Vernon Hospital, Northwood, HA6 2JR, UK

SO Cancer Res. (1999), 59(7), 1626-1634 CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472

PB AACR Subscription Office

DT Journal

LA English

RE.CNT 43 THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 2000:717223 CAPLUS

DN 134:216909

TI Determinants of anti-vascular action by combretastatin A-4 phosphate: role of nitric oxide

AU Parkins, C. S.; Holder, A. L.; Hill, S. A.; Chaplin, D. J.; Tozer, G. M.

CS Tumour Microcirculation Group, Gray Laboratory Cancer Research Trust, Mount Vernon Hospital, Northwood, HA6 2JR, UK

SO British Journal of Cancer (2000), 83(6), 811-816 CODEN: BJCAAI; ISSN: 0007-0920

PB Harcourt Publishers Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

CC 1-6 (Pharmacology)

AB The anti-vascular action of the tubulin binding agent combretastatin A-4 phosphate (CA-4-P) has been quantified in two types of murine tumor, the breast adenocarcinoma CaNT and the round cell sarcoma SaS. The functional vascular vol., assessed using a fluorescent carbocyanine dye, was significantly reduced at 18 h after CA-4-P treatment in both tumor types, although the degree of redn. was very different in the two tumors. The SaS tumor, which has a higher nitric oxide synthase (NOS) activity than the CaNT tumor, showed .apprx.10-fold greater resistance to vascular damage by CA-4-P. This is consistent with our previous findings, which showed that NO exerts a protective action against this drug. Simultaneous administration of CA-4-P with a NOS inhibitor, N.omega.-nitro-L-arginine (L-NNA), resulted in enhanced vascular damage and cytotoxicity in both tumor types.

Administration of diethylamine NO, an NO donor, conferred protection against the vascular damaging effects. Following treatment with CA-4-P, neutrophil infiltration into the tumors, measured by myeloperoxidase (MPO) activity, was significantly increased. Levels of MPO activity also correlated with the levels of vascular injury and cytotoxicity measured in both tumor types. Neutrophilic MPO generates free radicals and may therefore contribute to the vascular damage assocd. with CA-4-P treatment. MPO activity was significantly increased in the presence of L-NNA, suggesting that the protective effect of NO against CA-4-P-induced vascular injury may be, at least partially, mediated by limiting neutrophil infiltration. The data are consistent with the hypothesis that neutrophil action contributes to vascular injury by CA-4-P and that NO generation acts to protect the tumor vasculature against CA4-P-induced injury. The protective effect of NO is probably assocd. with an anti-neutrophil action.

- ST antitumor combretastatin A4 phosphate angiogenesis inhibitor nitric oxide
- IT Drug resistance

(antitumor; determinants of anti-vascular action by combretastatin A-4 phosphate: role of nitric oxide)

IT Angiogenesis inhibitors

(determinants of anti-vascular action by combretastatin A-4 phosphate: role of nitric oxide)

IT Neutrophil

(infiltration; determinants of anti-vascular action by combretastatin A-4 phosphate: role of nitric oxide)

IT Antitumor agents

(resistance to; determinants of anti-vascular action by combretastatin A-4 phosphate: role of nitric oxide)

IT 168555-66-6

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(determinants of anti-vascular action by combretastatin A-4 phosphate: role of nitric oxide)

IT 125978-95-2, Nitric oxide synthase

RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PROC (Process)

(determinants of anti-vascular action by combretastatin A-4 phosphate: role of nitric oxide)

IT 10102-43-9, Nitric oxide, biological studies

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(determinants of anti-vascular action by combretastatin A-4 phosphate: role of nitric oxide)

RE.CNT 33 THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS **RECORD**

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YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'CAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS AN 2001:659027 CAPLUS

DN 136:295

TI Mechanisms associated with tumor vascular shut-down induced by combretastatin A-4 phosphate: intravital microscopy and measurement of vascular permeability

AU Tozer, Gillian M.; Prise, Vivien E.; Wilson, John; Cemazar, Maja; Shan, Siqing; Dewhirst, Mark W.; Barber, Paul R.; Vojnovic, Borivoj; Chaplin, David J.

CS Gray Cancer Institute, Mount Vernon Hospital, Northwood, HA6 2JR, UK

SO Cancer Research (2001), 61(17), 6413-6422 CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472

PB American Association for Cancer Research

DT Journal

LA English

CC 1-6 (Pharmacology)

AB The tumor vascular effects of the tubulin destabilizing agent disodium combretastatin A-4 3-O-phosphate (CA-4-P) were investigated in the rat P22 tumor growing in a dorsal skin flap window chamber implanted into BD9 rats. CA-4-P is in clin. trial as a tumor vascular targeting agent. In animal tumors, it can cause the shut-down of blood flow, leading to extensive tumor cell necrosis. However, the mechanisms leading to vascular shut-down are still unknown. Tumor vascular effects were visualized and monitored online before and after the administration of two doses of CA-4-P (30 and 100 mg/kg) using intravital microscopy. The combined effect of CA-4-P and systemic nitric oxide synthase (NOS) inhibition using N.omega.-nitro-L-arginine (L-NNA) was also assessed, because this combination has been shown previously to have a potentiating effect. The early effect of CA-4-P on tumor vascular permeability to albumin was detd. to assess whether this could be involved in the mechanism of action of the drug. Tumor blood flow redn. was extremely rapid after CA-4-P treatment, with red cell velocity decreasing throughout the observation period and dropping to <5% of the starting value by 1 h. NOS inhibition alone caused a 50% decrease in red cell velocity, and the combined treatment of CA-4-P and NOS inhibition was approx. additive. The mechanism of blood flow redn. was very different for NOS inhibition and CA-4-P. That of NOS inhibition could be explained by a decrease in vessel diam., which was most profound on the arteriolar side of the tumor circulation. In contrast, the effects of CA-4-P resembled an acute inflammatory reaction resulting in a visible loss of a large proportion of the smallest blood vessels. There was some return of visible vasculature at 1 h after treatment, but the blood in these vessels was static or nearly so, and many of the vessels were distended. The hematocrit within larger draining tumor venules tended to increase at early times after CA-4-P, suggesting fluid loss from the blood. The stacking of red cells to form rouleaux was also a common feature, coincident with slowing of blood flow; and these two factors would lead to an increase in viscous resistance to blood flow. Tumor vascular

permeability to albumin was increased to .apprx.160% of control values at 1 and 10 min after treatment. This could lead to an early decrease in tumor blood flow via an imbalance between intravascular and tissue pressures and/or an increase in blood viscosity as a result of increased hematocrit. These results suggest a mechanism of action of CA-4-P in vivo. Combination of CA-4-P with a NOS inhibitor has an additive effect, which it may be possible to exploit therapeutically.

ST vessel shut combretastatin A4 phosphate intravital permeability

IT Drug interactions

(additive; mechanisms assocd. with tumor vascular shut-down induced by combretastatin A-4 phosphate)

IT Circulation

Hematocrit

(mechanisms assocd. with tumor vascular shut-down induced by combretastatin A-4 phosphate)

IT Blood vessel

(permeability; mechanisms assocd. with tumor vascular shut-down induced by combretastatin A-4 phosphate)

IT Biological transport

(permeation, vascular; mechanisms assocd. with tumor vascular shut-down induced by combretastatin A-4 phosphate)

IT 125978-95-2, NO synthase

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (mechanisms assocd. with tumor vascular shut-down induced by combretastatin A-4 phosphate)

IT 168555-66-6

RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (mechanisms assocd. with tumor vascular shut-down induced by combretastatin A-4 phosphate)

IT 2149-70-4, Nitro-arginine

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(mechanisms assocd. with tumor vascular shut-down induced by combretastatin A-4 phosphate)

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- L5 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- AN 1999:241795 CAPLUS
- DN 131:39356
- TI Combretastatin A-4 phosphate as a tumor vascular-targeting agent: early effects in tumors and normal tissues
- AU Tozer, Gillian M.; Prise, Vivien E.; Wilson, John; Locke, Rosalind J.; Vojnovic, Borivoj; Stratford, Michael R. L.; Dennis, Madeleine F.; Chaplin, David J.
- CS Tumor Microcirculation Group, Gray Laboratory Cancer Research Trust, Mount Vernon Hospital, Northwood, HA6 2JR, UK
- SO Cancer Res. (1999), 59(7), 1626-1634

CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472

PB AACR Subscription Office

DT Journal LA English

CC 1-6 (Pharmacology)

AB The potential for tumor vascular-targeting by using the tubulin destabilizing agent disodium combretastatin A-4 3-0-phosphate (CA-4-P) was assessed in a rat system. This approach aims to shut down the established tumor vasculature, leading to the development of extensive tumor cell necrosis. The early vascular effects of CA-4-P were assessed in the s.c. implanted P22 carcinosarcoma and in a range of normal tissues. Blood flow was measured by the uptake of radiolabeled iodoantipyrine, and quant. autoradiog. was used to measure spatial heterogeneity of blood flow in tumor sections. CA-4-P (100 mg/kg i.p.) caused a significant increase in mean arterial blood pressure at 1 and 6 h after treatment and a very large decrease in tumor blood flow, which-by 6 h-was reduced approx. 100-fold. The spleen was the most affected normal tissue with a 7-fold redn. in blood flow at 6 h. Calcns. of vascular resistance revealed some vascular changes in the heart and kidney for which there were no significant changes in blood flow. Quant. autoradiog. showed that CA-4-P increased the spatial heterogeneity in tumor blood flow. The drug affected peripheral tumor regions less than central regions. Administration of CA-4-P (30 mg/kg) in the presence of the nitric oxide synthase inhibitor, N.omega.-nitro-L-arginine Me ester, potentiated the effect of CA-4-P in tumor tissue. The combination increased tumor vascular resistance 300-fold compared with less than 7-fold for any of the normal tissues. This shows that tissue prodn. of nitric oxide protects against the damaging vascular effects of CA-4-P. Significant changes in tumor vascular resistance could also be obtained in isolated tumor perfusions using a cell-free perfusate, although the changes were much less than those obsd. in vivo. This shows that the action of CA-4-P includes mechanisms other than those involving red cell viscosity, intravascular coagulation, and neutrophil adhesion. The uptake of CA-4-P and combretastatin A-4 (CA-4) was more efficient in tumor than in skeletal muscle tissue and dephosphorylation of CA-4-P to CA-4 was faster in the former. These results are promising for the use of CA-4-P as a tumor vascular-targeting agent.

ST antitumor antiangiogenic combretastatin A4 phosphate NO

IT Angiogenesis inhibitors

Antitumor agents

Blood vessel

Circulation

(combretastatin A-4 phosphate as a tumor vascular-targeting agent)

IT 117048-59-6, Combretastatin A-4 168555-66-6
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or

effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(combretastatin A-4 phosphate as a tumor vascular-targeting agent)

IT 50903-99-6, N.omega.-Nitro-L-arginine methyl ester

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(combretastatin A-4 phosphate as a tumor vascular-targeting agent)

IT 10102-43-9, Nitric oxide, biological studies

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(combretastatin A-4 phosphate as a tumor vascular-targeting agent)

RE.CNT 43 THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

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ANSWER 65 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1995:563071 CAPLUS

DN 123:25428

TI S-alkyl-L-thiocitrullines. Potent stereoselective inhibitors of nitric oxide synthase with strong pressor activity in vivo

AU Narayanan, Krishnaswamy; Spack, Larry; McMillan, Kirk; Kilbourn, Robert G.; Hayward, Michael A.; Masters, Bettie Sue Siler; Griffith, Owen W.

CS Departments of Biochemistry and Pediatrics, Medical College of Wisconsin, Milwaukee, WI, 53226, USA

SO J. Biol. Chem. (1995), 270(19), 11103-10 CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

DT Journal

LA English

CC 1-8 (Pharmacology)

AB Nitric oxide synthase catalyzes the oxidn. of a guanidino nitrogen of L-arginine to nitric oxide with concomitant formation of citrulline. Enzyme activity is inhibited by a variety of N.omega.-monosubstituted L-arginine analogs including N.omega.-alkyl-, N.omega.-amino-, and N.omega.-nitro-L-arginine derivs. The authors report here that both constitutive and inducible isoforms of nitric oxide synthase are strongly inhibited by S-alkyl-L-thiocitrullines (N.delta.-(S-alkyl)isothioureido-L-ornithines) with n-alkyl groups of one to three carbons. These compds. represent a novel class of inhibitors and are the most potent nitric oxide synthase-inhibiting amino acids described to date. Inhibition is reversible, stereoselective, and competitive with L-arginine. Spectral studies show no direct interaction of inhibitor sulfur with heme iron, a result in contrast to that seen previously with the parent compd., L-thiocitrulline. The S-alkyl-L-thiocitrullines have strong pressor activity in normotensive control rats; S-methyl-L-thiocitrulline reverses hypotension in a rat model of septic peritonitis and in dogs administered endotoxin. These latter findings suggest that the inhibitors may have therapeutic utility in treating hypotension due to the overprodn.

of nitric oxide.

ST alkylthiocitrulline nitric oxide synthase inhibitor antihypotensive

IT Antihypotensives

Kinetics, enzymic

(alkylthiocitrullines as potent stereoselective inhibitors of nitric oxide synthase with strong pressor activity in vivo)

IT Molecular structure-biological activity relationship (nitric oxide synthase-inhibiting; alkylthiocitrullines as potent stereoselective inhibitors of nitric oxide synthase with strong pressor activity in vivo)

IT 158875-72-0P, S-Ethyl-L-thiocitrulline 160203-44-1P 164228-82-4P 164228-83-5P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic

preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(alkylthiocitrullines as potent stereoselective inhibitors of nitric oxide synthase with strong pressor activity in vivo)

IT 156719-39-0 164228-81-3

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (alkylthiocitrullines as potent stereoselective inhibitors of nitric oxide synthase with strong pressor activity in vivo)

IT 125978-95-2, Nitric oxide synthase

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (alkylthiocitrullines as potent stereoselective inhibitors of nitric oxide synthase with strong pressor activity in vivo)

L1 ANSWER 68 OF 70 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1996:7152 CAPLUS

DN 124:106558

TI L-N6-(1-Iminoethyl)-lysine

potently inhibits inducible nitric oxide synthase and is superior to NG-monomethyl-arginine in vitro and in vivo

AU Stenger, Steffen; Thuering, Heike; Roellinghoff, Martin; Manning, Pamela; Bogdan, Christian

CS Institute of Clinical Microbiology and Immunology, University of Erlangen, Erlangen, Germany

SO Eur. J. Pharmacol. (1995), 294(2/3), 703-12 CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999

DT Journal

LA English

CC 1-12 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 13

AB L-N6-(1-Iminoethyl)-lysine

is a novel inhibitor of nitric oxide (NO) synthase, which similar to aminoguanidine but unlike NG-monomethyl-L-arginine is 30-fold more selective for the inducible than for the constitutive isoform of the enzyme. Here, the authors characterized this inhibitor for the first time in intact cells and during infection of mice with a NO-sensitive parasite (Leishmania major). L-N6-(1-

Iminoethyl)-lysine potently inhibited the activity of

inducible NO-synthase in primary macrophages. After stimulation by interferon-.gamma., the IC50 of L-N6-(1-

iminoethyl)-lysine was 0.4 .mu.M and 10- or 30-fold

lower than that of NG-monomethyl-L-arginine or aminoguanidine, resp. In vivo, L-N6-(1-iminoethyl)-

lysine (0.4-9 mM in the drinking water) suppressed inducible NO-synthase activity and caused a dramatic exacerbation of leishmaniasis, despite a counterregulatory increase of inducible NO-synthase protein in the tissue. In contrast, considerably higher concns. of

NG-monomethyl-L-arginine (20-50 mM) were required to achieve comparable effects. NG-Monomethyl-L-arginine, but not L-N6-(1-iminoethyl)-lysine led to wt. loss, reduced water and food consumption. The authors conclude that L-N6-(1-iminoethyl)-lysine should be used instead of NG-monomethyl-L-arginine for potent suppression of inducible NO-synthase in vitro and in vivo.

- ST iminoethyllysine inducible nitric oxide synthase inhibitor; methylarginine inducible nitric oxide synthase inhibitor; lysine deriv nitric oxide synthase inhibitor
- IT Leishmania major (infection with; (iminoethyl)lysine potently inhibits inducible nitric oxide synthase and is superior to methylarginine in vitro and in vivo in relation to leishmaniasis)
- IT 17035-90-4, NG-Monomethyl-arginine 53774-63-3
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL (Biological study)
 ((iminoethyl)lysine potently inhibits inducible nitric oxide synthase
 - ((iminoethyl)lysine potently inhibits inducible nitric oxide synthase and is superior to methylarginine in vitro and in vivo in relation to leishmaniasis)
- IT 125978-95-2, Nitric oxide synthase RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) ((iminoethyl)lysine potently inhibits inducible nitric oxide synthase and is superior to methylarginine in vitro and in vivo in relation to leishmaniasis)